



Clinical Documentation Pocket Guide: Nephrology/Urology

*****Please document acuity*****

Benign Prostatic (Hypertrophy or Hyperplasia)

- With/without
 - obstruction
 - urinary retention
 - Lower urinary tract symptoms (frequency, nocturia, urgency, etc.)
- Benign neoplasm of prostate

Calculus

- Location and type

Complication of kidney transplant

- Failure
- Graft-vs-host disease
- Infection
- Malignancy of transplanted organ
- Post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder (PTLD)
- Rejection
- Other (specify)

Incontinence

- In (due to)
- With (incomplete bladder emptying, prolapse, obstruction)
- Continuous
- Mixed stress and urge
- Overflow
- Stress (male/female)
- Due to cognitive impairment or disability

Chronic Kidney Disease

- Stage:
 - Stage 1 thru 5
 - ESRD
- Staging Guidelines
 - www.kidney.org/atoz/content/gfr

- Due to
 - Hypertension
 - Diabetes
 - Polycystic disease
 - Multiple myeloma
 - Lupus

Acute Renal Failure

- State due to:
 - Dehydration
 - Acute tubular necrosis
 - Acute interstitial nephritis
 - Obstructive uropathy
 - Sepsis
 - Drug induced
 - Other – specify

Renal Insufficiency only

- **Does not meet criteria for acute or chronic renal failure**

Nephritis/nephritic syndrome

- Acute/Chronic
- Due to (DM, SLE, HTN, etc.)
- Tubulo-interstitial
- Calculous
- Complicating pregnancy (specify trimester)
- Maternal, affecting newborn
- Dense deposit
- Diffuse
- Focal/glomerular, etc.
- Nephrosis

Obstruction

- Hydronephrosis (cause)
- Hydroureter

- In (due to)
- Kinking of ureter
- Vesicoureteral-reflux
- Other (specify)

Pyelonephritis/UTI/Cystitis (not urosepsis**)**

- Acute/Chronic
- Specify **organism**, if known
- Calculous
- Candidiasis
- Contracted kidney
- Complicating pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium
- Nonobstructive
- Syphilitic
- Tuberculous
- Other (specify)

Sepsis (if assoc. with organ failure – list the organs)

- Due to
 - Pneumonia, UTI, other named source
 - Infected device or catheter

Organ Failures

- Septic shock
- Acute renal failure
- Acute hepatic failure
- Acute Encephalopathy – specify type
- Acute/Chronic Systolic/Diastolic heart failure
- ARDS
- Other – specify



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Non-infectious SIRS (Systemic Inflammatory Response)

- State cause
- Name each failed organ

Anemia

- Due to:
 - Chronic blood loss, name source
 - Acute blood loss, name source
 - Congenital anemia, name it
 - Deficiency anemia, name it
 - Chronic Kidney Disease
 - Neoplasm
 - Chemotherapy
 - Other – specify

Urinary retention

- Drug induced (specify drug)
- Organic (specify underlying cause)
- Psychogenic (specify underlying cause)
- Other (specify)

Hyponatremia

- Syndrome of inappropriate secretion of antidiuretic hormone
- Dehydration
- Other (specify)

Diabetes

- Note if out of control/poorly controlled
- State Type I or Type II DM
 - Hyperglycemia
 - Hypoglycemia with or without coma

- Drug/Chemical Induced (specify)
- Link DM to other related conditions
 - Gastroparesis
 - Retinopathy
 - Neuropathy

Malnutrition

- Protein Calorie
 - Mild, Moderate, Severe
 - 1st, 2nd or 3rd degree
- Due to:
 - GI surgery
 - Failure to Thrive
 - Vitamin/Mineral Deficiency – specify
 - Other – specify
- Cachexia
- Marasmus
- Intestinal Malabsorption
 - Following GI surgery
 - Celiac/Sprue Disease
 - Blind Loop Syndrome (SIBO)
 - Other - specify

Encephalopathy

- Acute/Chronic
- Congenital
- Alcoholic
- Due to drugs – specify
- Hepatic
- Hyperbilirubinemic, newborn
- Hypertensive
- In (due to) (e.g. birth injury, hyperinsulinism, influenza...)
- Saturnine
- Toxic

- Metabolic
- Traumatic (post-concussion)

Common Hospital Acquired Condition (HAC)

- If not a HAC the condition must be documented as Present on Admission (POA) to prevent a negative impact on scorecards for care
- Pressure Ulcers/Decubis (stage 3&4)
- Falls/Trauma
- Manifestations of Poor Glycemic Control
- Catheter Associated UTI
- Vascular Catheter Associated Infection
- Surgical Site Infections
- DVTs/PEs